

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1                    1.        1.        A trench transistor comprising:  
2                                a substrate having a surface;  
3                                a trench extending a selected depth into the substrate from the surface, the  
4 trench having a sidewall;  
5                                a gate structure at least partially within the trench; and  
6                                a source region self-aligned to the gate.
- 1                    2.        The trench transistor of claim 1 wherein the source region overlaps  
2 a portion of the gate structure.
- 1                    3.        The trench transistor of claim 2 wherein a gate-to-source  
2 capacitance arises from the overlap between the gate structure and the source region, the  
3 gate-to-source capacitance being selected according to the overlap.
- 1                    4.        The trench transistor of claim 1 wherein the source region forms a  
2 p-n junction in the substrate at a selected distance from the sidewall, the p-n junction, at  
3 least a portion of the p-n junction being essentially parallel to the sidewall.
- 1                    5.        The trench transistor of claim 1 further comprising a source contact  
2 region, the source contact region extending a selected distance into the substrate from the  
3 surface, wherein the source contact region forms an inner corner with the source region.
- 1                    6.        The trench transistor of claim 5 wherein the distance of the source  
2 p-n junction from the sidewall is essentially equal to the distance of the extension of the  
3 source contact region from the surface.
- 1                    7.        The trench transistor of claim 5 wherein both the distance of the  
2 source p-n junction from the sidewall and the distance of the extension of the source  
3 contact region from the surface is less than or equal to about 0.15 microns.
- 1                    8.        The trench transistor of claim 1 wherein the gate structure is  
2 recessed from the surface.

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1                   9.     The trench transistor of claim 6 further comprising a heavy body,  
2     the heavy body extending into the inner corner formed by the source region and the  
3     source contact region.

1                   10.    A trench transistor comprising:  
2                   a substrate having a surface;  
3                   a trench extending a selected distance into the substrate from the surface,  
4     the trench having a sidewall;  
5                   a gate structure at least partially within the trench, the gate structure being  
6     recessed from the surface;  
7                   a source region self-aligned to the gate structure, the source region  
8     overlapping a portion of the gate structure and forming a p-n junction at a selected  
9     distance of less than or equal to about 0.15 microns from the sidewall, at least a portion of  
10    the p-n junction being parallel to the sidewall;  
11                  a source contact region extending less than or equal to about 0.15 microns  
12    from the surface, the source contact region forming an inner corner with the source  
13    region; and  
14                  a heavy body extending into the inner corner.

1                   11.    A method of forming a source region in a trench transistor, the  
2     method comprising:  
3                   a)     forming a trench in a substrate, the substrate having a surface and  
4     the trench having a sidewall;  
5                   b)     forming a gate structure in the trench; and  
6                   c)     implanting source dopant such that at least a portion of the source  
7     dopant is implanted through the sidewall.

1                   12.    The method of claim 11 wherein a further portion of the source  
2     dopant is implanted opposite a portion of the gate structure.

1                   13.    The method of claim 11 further comprising, after the step (c),  
2                   d)     implanting source dopant such that a second portion of the source  
3     dopant is implanted through a second sidewall of the trench.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. 1. A trench transistor comprising:
- 2 a substrate having a surface;
- 3 a trench extending a selected depth into the substrate from the surface, the
- 4 trench having a sidewall;
- 5 a gate structure at least partially within the trench; and
- 6 a source region self-aligned to the gate.

2. The trench transistor of claim 1 wherein the source region overlaps
- 2 a portion of the gate structure.

3. The trench transistor of claim 2 wherein a gate-to-source
- 2 capacitance arises from the overlap between the gate structure and the source region, the
- 3 gate-to-source capacitance being selected according to the overlap.

4. The trench transistor of claim 1 wherein the source region forms a
- 2 p-n junction in the substrate at a selected distance from the sidewall, the p-n junction, at
- 3 least a portion of the p-n junction being essentially parallel to the sidewall.

5. The trench transistor of claim 1 further comprising a source contact
- 2 region, the source contact region extending a selected distance into the substrate from the
- 3 surface, wherein the source contact region forms an inner corner with the source region.

6. The trench transistor of claim 5 wherein the distance of the source
- 2 p-n junction from the sidewall is essentially equal to the distance of the extension of the
- 3 source contact region from the surface.

7. The trench transistor of claim 5 wherein both the distance of the
- 2 source p-n junction from the sidewall and the distance of the extension of the source
- 3 contact region from the surface is less than or equal to about 0.15 microns.

5. 8. The trench transistor of claim 1 wherein the gate structure is
- 2 recessed from the surface.

1 9. The trench transistor of claim 6 further comprising a heavy body,  
 2 the heavy body extending into the inner corner formed by the source region and the  
 3 source contact region.

1 7 10. A trench transistor comprising:  
 2 a substrate having a surface;  
 3 a trench extending a selected distance into the substrate from the surface,  
 4 the trench having a sidewall;  
 5 a gate structure at least partially within the trench, the gate structure being  
 6 recessed from the surface;  
 7 a source region self-aligned to the gate structure, the source region  
 8 overlapping a portion of the gate structure and forming a p-n junction at a selected  
 9 distance of less than or equal to about 0.15 microns from the sidewall, at least a portion of  
 10 the p-n junction being parallel to the sidewall;  
 11 a source contact region extending less than or equal to about 0.15 microns  
 12 from the surface, the source contact region forming an inner corner with the source  
 13 region; and  
 14 a heavy body extending into the inner corner.

1 11. A method of forming a source region in a trench transistor, the  
 2 method comprising:  
 3 a) forming a trench in a substrate, the substrate having a surface and  
 4 the trench having a sidewall;  
 5 b) forming a gate structure in the trench; and  
 6 c) implanting source dopant such that at least a portion of the source  
 7 dopant is implanted through the sidewall.

1 12. The method of claim 11 wherein a further portion of the source  
 2 dopant is implanted opposite a portion of the gate structure.

1 13. The method of claim 11 further comprising, after the step (c),  
 2 d) implanting source dopant such that a second portion of the source  
 3 dopant is implanted through a second sidewall of the trench.

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